

# Creació d'Aplicacions Interactives amb servidor Shiny

Curs R Avançat Equips - Sessió 5

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## Avui

Creació d'Aplicacions Interactives amb servidor Shiny, i conèixer l'existència d'algunes les altres opcions en R també.

## 1. Introducció a R Shiny

Aplicacions dinàmiques i interactives, amb components reactius, que requereixen de servidor shiny on collocar les aplicacions.

- Shiny: <https://www.rstudio.com/products/shiny/><sup>[1]</sup>

Veure alguna aplicació feta amb Shiny (requereix servidor de R i de Shiny), del tipus:

- Exemple senzill: <https://dades.ajuntament.barcelona.cat/estadistiques-cens-comercial/><sup>[2]</sup>
- Exemple avançat: <https://dades.ajuntament.barcelona.cat/la-ciutat-al-dia/><sup>[3]</sup>

Treball pràctic de creació d'un dashboard amb Shiny i modificació.

Es pot aprendre com fer-ne apps Shiny, a poc a poc, a través de:

<https://mastering-shiny.org/basic-app.html><sup>[4]</sup>

Es pot començar emprant una plantilla base que proporciona RStudio en fer un projecte nou de tipus Shiny App:

- File > New Project > New Directory > Shiny Web Application

New Project Wizard

**Create Shiny Application**



Directory name:

Create project as subdirectory of:

Create a git repository

Use renv with this project

O si es vol afegir dins un projecte de RStudio pre-existent:

- File > New File > Shiny Web App > New Shiny Web Application.

New Shiny Web Application



Application name:

Application type:  Single File (app.R)  Multiple File (ui.R/server.R)

Create within directory:

[? Shiny Web Applications](#)

O es pot emprar una plantilla base a través del **ShinyUIEditor**, que empra a la seva vegada una disposició versàtil de tipus gridlayout

Build Shiny application UIs by dragging-and-dropping. Generates clean and proper code as you build.

# 1.1. Estructura d'una app shiny

En crear una app shiny a partir d'un arxiu nou dins un projecte de Rstudio pre-existent, se'n crea aquest arxiu **app.R**:

## Contingut de l'arxiu app.R

```
# This is a Shiny web application. You can run the application by clicking
# the 'Run App' button above.
#
# Find out more about building applications with Shiny here:
#
#     http://shiny.rstudio.com/
#
library(shiny)

# Define UI for application that draws a histogram
ui <- fluidPage(

    # Application title
    titlePanel("Old Faithful Geyser Data"),

    # Sidebar with a slider input for number of bins
    sidebarLayout(
        sidebarPanel(
            sliderInput("bins",
                       "Number of bins:",
                       min = 1,
                       max = 50,
                       value = 30)
        ),
        mainPanel(
            plotOutput("distPlot")
        )
    )
)

# Define server logic required to draw a histogram
server <- function(input, output) {

    output$distPlot <- renderPlot({
        # generate bins based on input$bins from ui.R
        x      <- faithful[, 2]
```

```

bins <- seq(min(x), max(x), length.out = input$bins + 1)

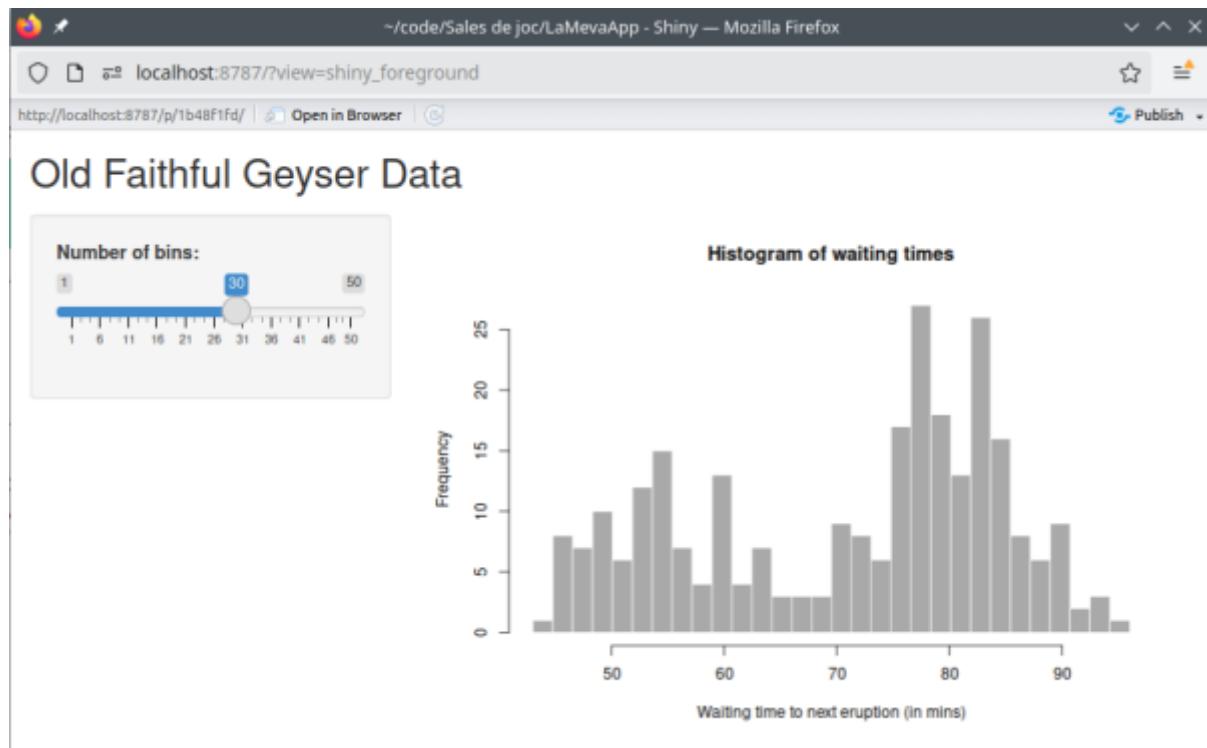
# draw the histogram with the specified number of bins
hist(x, breaks = bins, col = 'darkgray', border = 'white',
      xlab = 'Waiting time to next eruption (in mins)',
      main = 'Histogram of waiting times')
}

}

# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)

```

En clicar al botó de "RunApp" se'ns aixeca una finestra emergent amb aquest contingut:



A partir d'aquí, podríem anar retocant el codi de l'app.R per fer evolucionar la app.

O bé, podem començar a partir del [shinyuieditor](#), que ens permetrà començar ja amb una interfícies shiny molt més avançada per ajustar-se al que volíem per a la nostra app Shiny.

## 1.2. ShinyUIEditor

<https://rstudio.github.io/shinyuieditor/><sup>[5]</sup>

## 1.3. App demo shiny-sales-de-joc

S'ha creat una app demo de shiny, emprant les plantilles de shinyuieditor.

Per crear-ho des de zero, executem aquest tipus de comanda primera vegada:



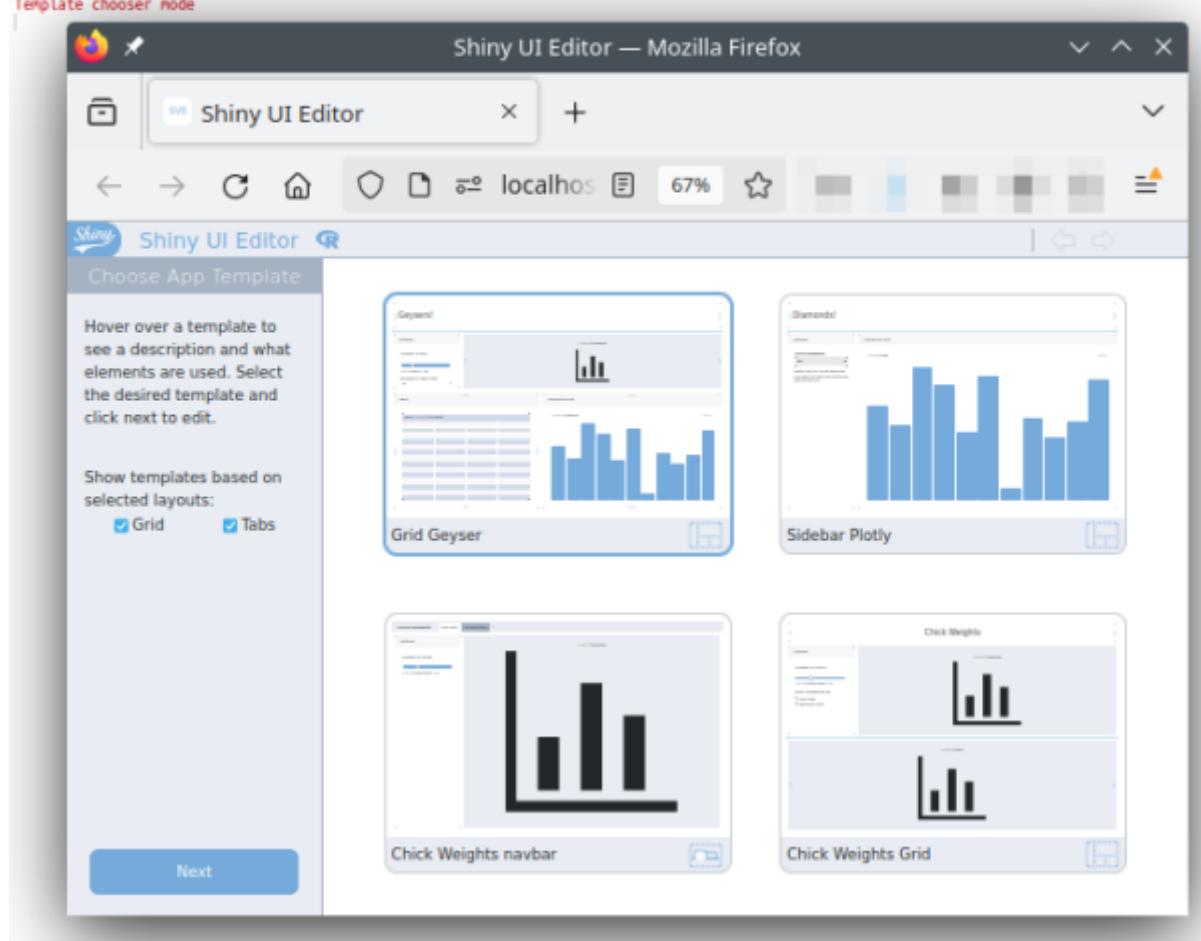
```
shinyuieditor::launch_editor(app_loc=file.path("sessio_05", "shiny-sales-de-joc"))
```

Això ens obrirà una finestra del navegador en que hi haurà l'aplicació d'edició gràfica d'interfícies d'usuari d'applications shiny (shinyuieditor)

```
> shinyuieditor::launch_editor(app_loc=file.path("sessio_05", "shiny-sales-de-joc"))
```

```
[-----]
[ Live editor running at http://localhost:6707 ]
```

```
Message from client READY-FOR-STATE
Message from client ENTERED-TEMPLATE-SELECTOR
Template chooser mode
```



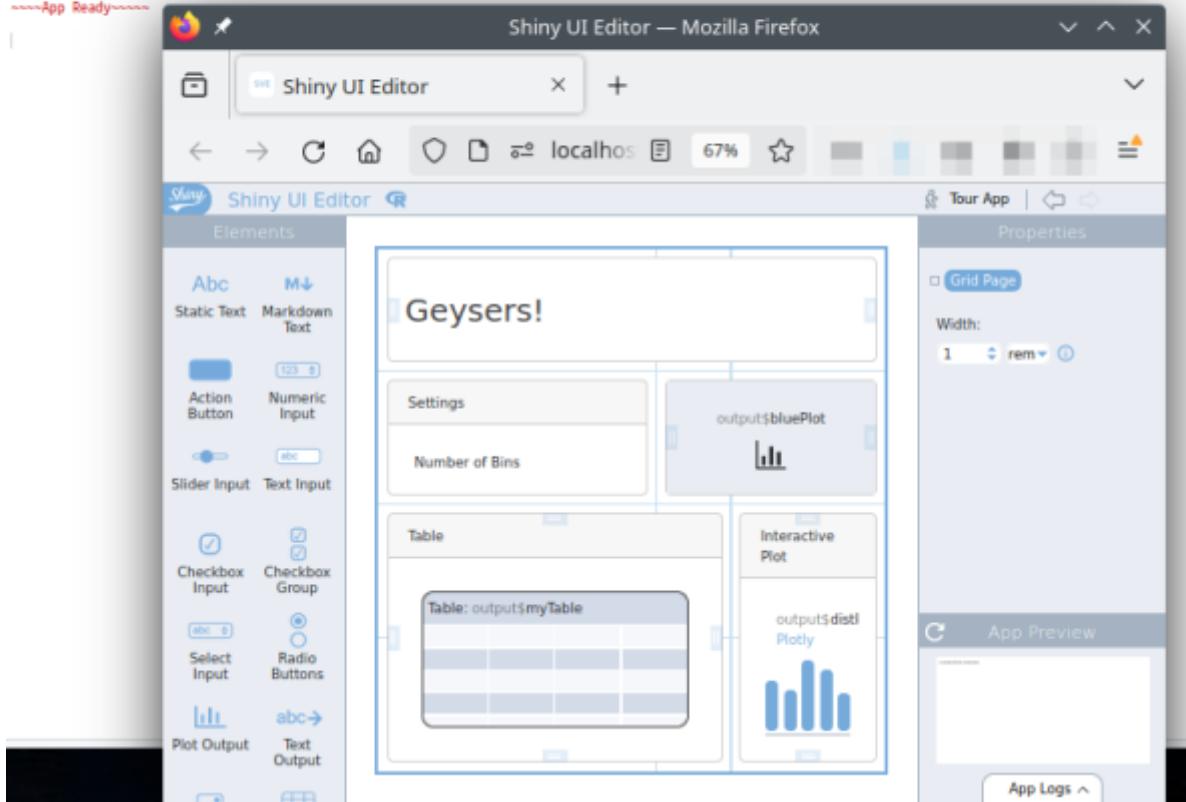
Escollim quina plantilla volem agafar de partida (per exemple, "Grid Geyser"), i cliquem al botó "Next" de sota a l'esquerra.

Llavors ja podem fer els canvis que necessitem a la nostra interfície.

```

> shinyueditor::launch_editor(app_loc=file.path("sessio_05", "shiny-sales-de-joc"))
[-----]
[ Live editor running at http://localhost:6707 ]
[-----]
Message from client READY-FOR-STATE
Message from client ENTERED-TEMPLATE-SELECTOR
Template chooser mode
Message from client UPDATED-APP
=> Loading app ui and sending to ui editor
=> Starting Shiny preview app...
Started Shiny preview app - App PID: 733631
Message from client APP-PREVIEW-REQUEST
Message from client UPDATED-APP
~~~App Ready~~~

```



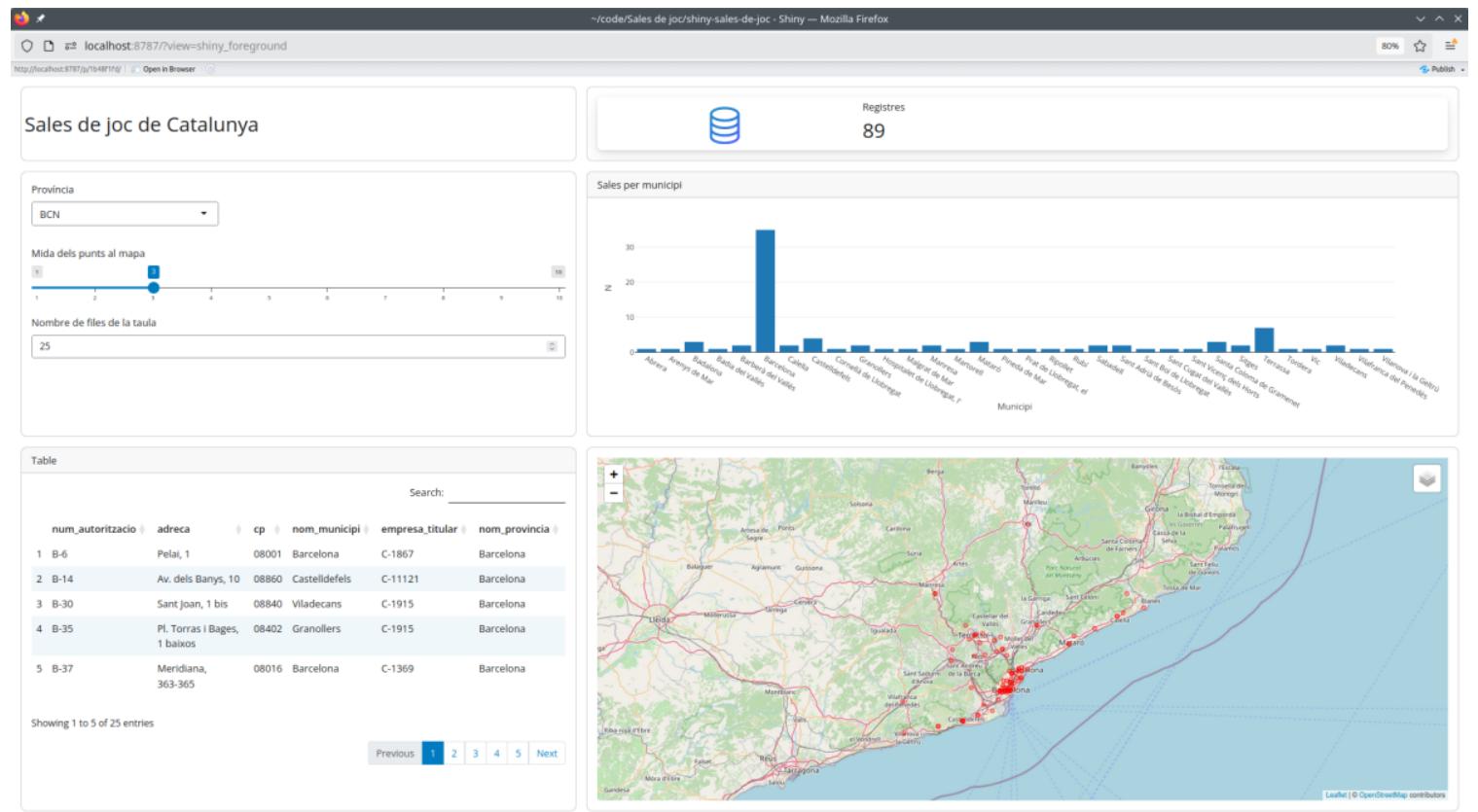
En quant tanquem la finestra del navegador on hi havia el shinyueditor, ens trobarem que tenim actualitzat l'arxiu "app.R" a la carpeta que havíem indicat inicialment, amb el codi actualitzat necessari per produir aquesta interfície d'usuari de Shiny.

The screenshot shows the RStudio interface with the following components:

- Code Editor (app.R):** Contains R code for a shiny application.
- Environment:** Shows "Environment is empty".
- Console:** Displays the output of running the shiny app, including messages about the shiny editor launching, the shiny preview app starting, and the app becoming ready. It also shows an error message about invoke\_wrapped and stopping the app preview process.

Ara podem continuar canviant els conjunts de dades que venen per omissió sobre geishers (dataframe "**faithful**" al codi), i les columnes/variables d'interès, per les nostres.

I associar els elements nous de dades (dins la funció server() ) als controls de la interfície que calgui, per adaptar la nostra nova aplicació shiny a les nostres necessitats.



## Contingut de app.R

```

library(shiny)
library(plotly)
library(gridlayout)
library(bslib)
library(DT)
library(sf)
library(readxl)
library(dplyr)
library(stringr)
library(janitor)
library(leaflet)
library(leaflet.providers)

ui <- grid_page(
  layout = c(
    "header" header      "indicator",
    "sidebar" sidebar    "plotly",
    "table"   table       "mymap",
    "table"   table       "mymap"
  ),
  row_sizes = c(
    "120px",
    "1.5fr",
    "1fr",
    "1fr"
  )
)
  
```

```
),
col_sizes = c(
  "290px",
  "0.59fr",
  "1.41fr"
),
gap_size = "1rem",
grid_card(
  area = "sidebar",
#  card_header("Paràmetres"),
  card_body(
    selectInput(
      inputId = "myProvinces",
      label = "Província",
      choices = list(
        "BCN" = "Barcelona",
        "GRN" = "Girona",
        "LLD" = "Lleida",
        "TCN" = "Tarragona"
      ),
      selected = "Barcelona"
    ),
    sliderInput(
      inputId = "myradius",
      label = "Mida dels punts al mapa",
      min = 1,
      max = 10,
      value = 3,
      width = "100%"
    ),
    numericInput(
      inputId = "numRows",
      label = "Nombre de files de la taula",
      value = 5,
      min = 1,
      step = 1,
      width = "100%"
    )
  )
),
grid_card_text(
  area = "header",
  content = "Sales de joc de Catalunya",
  alignment = "start",
  is_title = FALSE
),
grid_card(
  area = "table",
  card_header("Table"),
```

```

    card_body(DTOutput(outputId = "myTable", width = "100%"))
),
grid_card(
  area = "mymap",
  card_body(leafletOutput("mymap"))
),
grid_card(
  area = "indicator",
#  card_header("Nombre de Sales de Joc"),
  card_body(
    value_box(
      title = "Registres",
      value = textOutput(outputId = "indicator"),
      showcase = bsicons::bs_icon("database")
    )
  )
),
grid_card(
  area = "plotly",
  card_header("Sales per municipi"),
  card_body(
    plotlyOutput(
      outputId = "distPlot",
      width = "100%",
      height = "100%"
    )
  )
)
)
)

server <- function(input, output) {
  # Carreguem les dades dins una expressió reactiva (només s'executa una vegada,
  fins que canviïn les dades)
  # Importa les dades
  dataset <- reactive({
    muni_cat <- rio::import(file.path("../", "muni_cat.csv"))
    st_as_sf(
      read_xlsx(file.path("../", "..", "curs-r-avancat-equips", "sessio_02",
      "salons_de_joc_en_la_web.xlsx")),
      coords = c("longitud", "latitud"), crs = 4326, agr = "constant"
    ) %>% # Retoquem noms per a que encaixin tots al join de sota
    mutate(
      nom_municipi = case_when(
        cp == "08904" ~ "Cornellà de Llobregat",
        TRUE ~ nom_municipi),
      nom_municipi = str_replace_all(nom_municipi, fixed("La Jonquera"),
      "Jonquera, la"),
      nom_municipi = str_replace_all(nom_municipi, fixed("L'Hospitalet de

```

```

Llobregat"), "Hospitalet de Llobregat, l'"),
    nom_municipio = str_replace_all(nom_municipio, fixed("El Prat de Llobregat"),
"Prat de Llobregat, el"),
    nom_municipio = str_replace_all(nom_municipio, fixed("Sant Vicenç del
Horts"), "Sant Vicenç dels Horts"),
    nom_municipio = str_replace_all(nom_municipio, fixed("Castelló d'Empúries"),
"Castelló d'Empúries"),
    nom_municipio = str_replace_all(nom_municipio, fixed("Castell-Platja d'Aro"),
"Castell d'Aro, Platja d'Aro i s'Agaró"),
    nom_municipio = str_replace_all(nom_municipio, fixed("El Vendrell"),
"Vendrell, el")
) %>%
left_join(
  muni_cat %>% select(nom, nom_provincia),
  by=c("nom_municipio"="nom")
)
})

output$distPlot <- renderPlotly({
  # generate bins based on input$bins from ui.R
  plot_ly(x = ~ dataset() %>% filter(nom_provincia %in% input$myProvinces) %>%
pull(nom_municipio), type = "histogram") %>%
  layout(xaxis = list(title = 'Municipio'),
         yaxis = list(title = 'N'))
})
output$mymap <- renderLeaflet({
  leaflet(width="100%", height="100%") %>%

  # OS map layer
  addProviderTiles(providers$Esri.WorldImagery, group="ESRI Satellite",
                    options=leafletOptions(maxNativeZoom=19,maxZoom=100)) %>%
  addProviderTiles("OpenStreetMap",
                    options=leafletOptions(maxNativeZoom=19,maxZoom=100)) %>%

  # Sample points
  # generate radius based on input$myradius from ui.R
  addCircleMarkers(data=dataset() %>% filter(nom_provincia %in%
input$myProvinces),
                    radius=input$myradius, weight=2, color="red") %>%

  # Add layer control elements
  addLayersControl(baseGroups = c("OpenStreetMap", "ESRI Satellite"),
                  options = layersControlOptions(collapsed = TRUE,
                                                autoZIndex = F))

})
output$myTable <- renderDT({
  head(dataset() %>% tibble() %>%
    filter(nom_provincia %in% input$myProvinces) %>%

```

```

      select(-arxiu_origen, -ordre, -starts_with("municipi"), -cp_num, -
geometry),
      input$numRows)
},
options = list(dom='ftip',
              lengthMenu = list(c(5, 10, -1), c('5', '10', 'All'))
            )
)
output$indicator <- renderText(
  nrow(dataset() %>% tibble() %>% filter(nom_provincia %in% input$myProvinces))
)
}

shinyApp(ui, server)

```

## 1.4. Publicar l'app a shinyapps.io

Pots emprar el teu compte de posit.cloud a <https://www.shinyapps.io/><sup>[6]</sup>  
O bé, fer-te un de nou de franc.

I segueix les instruccions que t'hi donaràn allà per tal de publicar la teva app shiny local al seu servidor.

Està explicat també pas a pas en aquest tutorial:

[https://statsandr.com/blog/how-to-publish-shiny-app-example-with-shinyapps.io/](https://statsandr.com/blog/how-to-publish-shiny-app-example-with-shinyapps-io/) [7]

Més informació a:

<https://shiny.posit.co/r/articles/share/shinyapps/><sup>[8]</sup>

### 1.4.1. App Sales-de-joc

```
> install.packages("rsconnect")
The following package(s) will be installed:
- packrat    [0.9.2]
- PKI        [0.1-12]
- rsconnect  [1.2.2]
These packages will be installed into "~/code/curs-r-avancat-
equips/renv/library/R-4.3/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu".
```

Do you want to proceed? [Y/n]: Y

```
# Installing packages -----  
- Installing PKI ... OK [linked from cache]
```

```
- Installing packrat ...                                OK [linked from cache]
- Installing rsconnect ...                            OK [linked from cache]
Successfully installed 3 packages in 39 milliseconds.
> rsconnect::setAccountInfo(name='myshinyiointernalusername', token='mytokenXXX',
secret='mysecretXXX')
> library(rsconnect)
```

Em faltaven els arxius de dades que s'agafaven de carpetes germanes del projecte de RStudio, fora de la carpeta de l'app shiny. Els he copiat els 2 arxius dins de una nova carpeta filla "dades/", i he tornat a fer "Deploy":



```
> rsconnect::deployApp('sessio_05/shiny-sales-de-joc')
— Preparing for deployment



---



- ✓ Re-deploying "shiny-sales-de-joc" using "server: shinyapps.io / username: onuka7-xavier-de0pedro0puente"
- Looking up application with id "11822654"...
- ✓ Found application  
<https://onuka7-xavier-de0pedro0puente.shinyapps.io/shiny-sales-de-joc/>
- Bundling 3 files: app.R, dades/muni_cat.csv, and  
dades/salons_de_joc_en_la_web.xlsx
- Capturing R dependencies with renv
- ✓ Found 122 dependencies
- ✓ Created 98,363b bundle
- Uploading bundle...
- ✓ Uploaded bundle with id 8522558
- Deploying to server



---


```

```
Waiting for task: 1408200276
building: Processing bundle: 8522558
building: Building image: 10366677
building: Installing system dependencies
building: Fetching packages
building: Installing packages
building: Installing files
building: Pushing image: 10366677
deploying: Starting instances
terminating: Stopping old instances
— Deployment complete
```

---

```
✓ Successfully deployed to
<https://onuka7-xavier-de0pedro0puente.shinyapps.io/shiny-sales-de-joc/>
```

curs-r-avancat-equip · RStudio Server — Mozilla Firefox

curs-r-avancat-equip · RSI X +

localhost:8787

File Edit Code View Plots Session Build Debug Profile Tools Help

R 4.3.2 · ~/code/curs-r-avancat-equip

'help.start()' for an HTML browser interface to help.  
Type 'q()' to quit R.

- Project '~/code/curs-r-avancat-equip' loaded. [renv 1.0.3]  
[Workspace loaded from ~/code/curs-r-avancat-equip/.RData]

> install.packages("rsconnect")  
The following package(s) will be installed:  
- packrat [0.9.2]  
- PKI [0.1-12]  
- rsconnect [1.2.2]  
These packages will be installed into "~/code/curs-r-avancat-equip/renv/library/R-4".

Do you want to proceed? [Y/n]: Y

# Installing packages -----  
- Installing PKI ... OK [linked from cache]  
- Installing packrat ... OK [linked from cache]  
- Installing rsconnect ... OK [linked from cache]  
Successfully installed 3 packages in 39 milliseconds.

> rsconnect::setAccountInfo(name='onuka7-xa...te', token='99...17  
0u1...yuh')  
> library(rsconnect)  
> rsconnect::deployApp('sessio\_05/shiny-sales-de-joc')  
— Preparing for deployment

Found multiple accounts.  
Which one do you want to use?  
1: server: posit.cloud / username: onuka7-xavier-de0pedro0puente  
2: server: shinyapps.io / username: onuka7-xavier-de0pedro0puente  
Selection: 2

✓ Deploying "shiny-sales-de-joc" using "server: shinyapps.io / username: onuka7-xavier-de0pedro0puente"  
i Creating application on server...  
✓ Created application with id 11822654  
i Bundling 1 file: app.R  
i Capturing R dependencies with renv  
✓ Found 122 dependencies  
✓ Created 69,197b bundle  
i Uploading bundle...  
✓ Uploaded bundle with id 8522539  
— Deploying to server

Waiting for task: 1408198922  
building: Processing bundle: 8522539  
building: Building image: 10366643  
building: Installing system dependencies  
building: Fetching packages  
building: Building package: lazyeval  
building: Installing packages

Environment History Connections Git Tutorial

Global Environment

Environment is empty

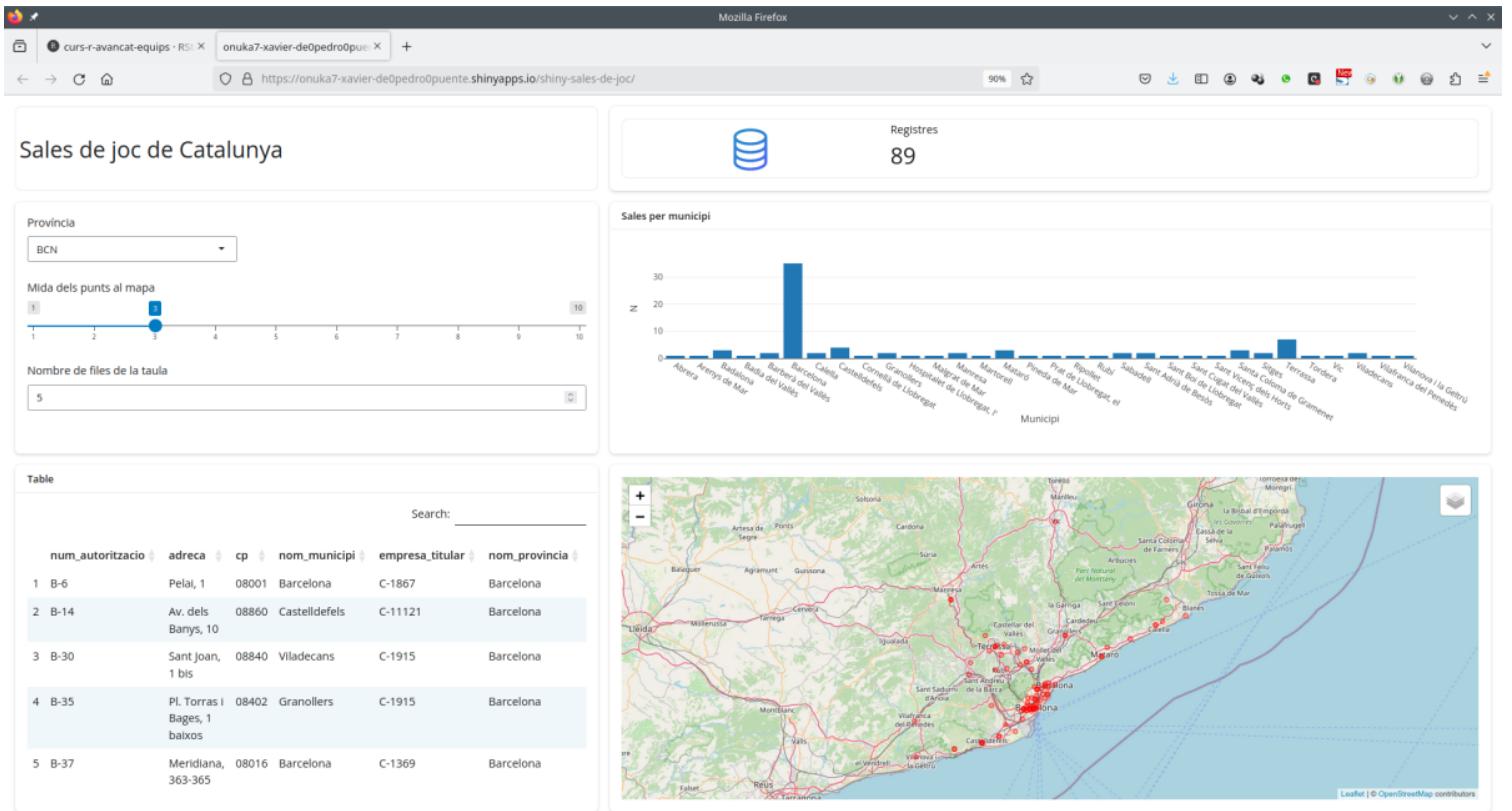
Files Plots Packages Help Viewer Presentation

code > curs-r-avancat-equip > sessio\_05 > shiny-sales-de-joc

Name	Size	Modified
..		
app.R	5.2 KB	Apr 21, 2024
rsconnect		

URL a la app:

<https://onuka7-xavier-de0pedro0puente.shinyapps.io/shiny-sales-de-joc/> [9]



## 1.5. ShinyLive

ShinyLive (per exportar apps shiny per a que funcionin sense requerir servidor, sino tot en navegador):

<https://cloud.r-project.org/web/packages/shinylive/index.html><sup>[10]</sup>

Explicació recent dels autors a Posit (2023-10):

R Shiny without a server: webR and Shinylive by George Stagg at the Shiny in Production 2023 conference.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GlZKReTx8GA><sup>[11]</sup>

## 2. Altres: Dash per a R

Dash per a R: Create beautiful, analytic web applications in R.

<https://github.com/plotly/dashR><sup>[12]</sup>

Dash Enterprise App Gallery

<https://dash.gallery/Portal/><sup>[13]</sup>

## 3. Mostrar progrés projecte

Avançar la feina que hem estat fent del projecte per equips, i mostrar-ho als altres equips.

Noms alias d'aquesta pàgina: CursRAvancatEquipsS5

- 
- [<sup>1</sup>] <https://www.rstudio.com/products/shiny/>
  - [<sup>2</sup>] <https://dades.ajuntament.barcelona.cat/estadistiques-cens-comercial/>
  - [<sup>3</sup>] <https://dades.ajuntament.barcelona.cat/la-ciutat-al-dia/>
  - [<sup>4</sup>] <https://mastering-shiny.org/basic-app.html>
  - [<sup>5</sup>] <https://rstudio.github.io/shinyuieditor/>
  - [<sup>6</sup>] <https://www.shinyapps.io/>
  - [<sup>7</sup>] <https://statsandr.com/blog/how-to-publish-shiny-app-example-with-shinyapps-io/>
  - [<sup>8</sup>] <https://shiny.posit.co/r/articles/share/shinyapps/>
  - [<sup>9</sup>] <https://onuka7-xavier-de0pedro0puente.shinyapps.io/shiny-sales-de-joc/>
  - [<sup>10</sup>] <https://cloud.r-project.org/web/packages/shinylive/index.html>
  - [<sup>11</sup>] <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GIZKReTx8GA>
  - [<sup>12</sup>] <https://github.com/plotly/dashR>
  - [<sup>13</sup>] <https://dash.gallery/Portal/>